SILINKOVA-MALKOVA, E.; NAHLIK, F.; STAVA, Z.

Liver function tests in the treatment of syphilis with spironovan and bismuth. Cas. lek. cesk. 90 no.51-52:1522-1525 28 Dec 51. (CIML 21:5)

1. Of the Second Dermatological Clinic (Head--Prof. K. Hubschmann, M.D.)

HUBSCHMANN, L.:STAVA, Z.

Blood proteins in scleroderma, lupus erythematosus, and chronic dermatitis atrophicans. Ceak. derm. 27 no. 10:385-405 Dec 1952. (CIML 23:5)

1. Of the Second Dermatological Clinic (Head-Prof. K. Hubschmann, M. D.) of Charles University, Prague.

SERVICE OF CHARLES AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

STAVE J.

derm. Klin., Praha. \*Melkerssonuv-Rosenthaluv syndrom a jeho problematika. The Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome and its problems CSL. DERM. 1953, 28/7 (283-292) Illus. 6

Two typical cases of the syndrome (recurrent oedema of lips, facial paresis and lingua plicate) are described. Lip biepsy showed lymphangioma in one case and the picture of cheilitis granulomatose (Miescher) in the second, there being signs of Besnier-Boeck-Schaumann disease or of the in the letter case. The attempts of some Serman authors to identify the syndrome with cheilitis granulomatosa or to negate its existence altogether seem to be premature. Excision proved successful. Schwank - Prague

SO: Excerpta Medica Section XIII Vol. 9 No. 1

STAVA, Z.

Considerations on theoretical principles of dermatologic roentgenotherapy. Cesk. derm. 28 no.8-9:396-413 Nov 1953. (CIML 25:5)

l. Of the Second Dermatological Clinic (Head-Prof. K. Hubschamnn, M.D.), Prague.

HUBSCHMANN, Karel, MUDr prof.; STAVA, Zdenek, MUDr, asistent kliniky

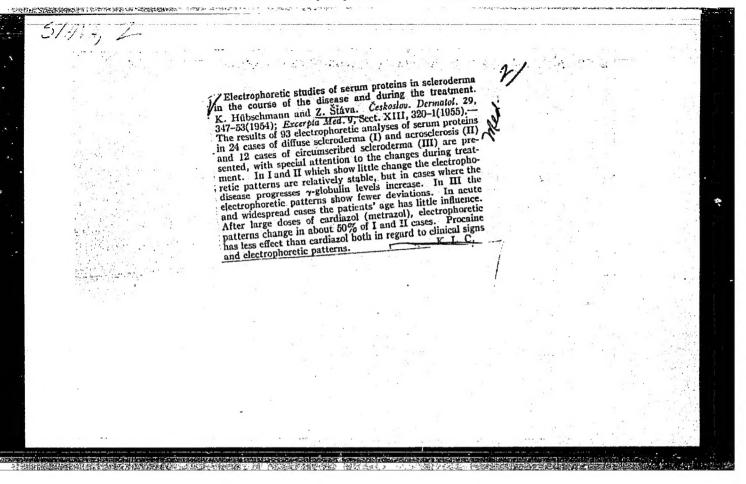
Electrophoretic studies on serum, proteins in scleroderma in the course of the disease and during the treatment. Cesk. derm. 24 no.6:347-353 Dec 54.

1. Z II dermatologicke kliniky v Praze (prednosta prof. MUDr K.Hubschmann)

(SCIERODERMA, blood in proteins, electrophoresis)

(ELECTROPHORESIS blood proteins in scleroderma)

(BLOOD PROTEINS, in various diseases scleroderma, electrophoresis)



STAVA ZDENEK

HUBSCHMANN, Karel prof. dr.; STAVA, Zdenek, as. dr.

Blood vessel pathogenesis of diffuse scleroderma. Cesk. derm. 29 no.1:26-31 Feb 55.

1. Z II dermatol. klin. v Praze; predm. prof. dr. K. Hubschmann. (SCIERODERMA

diffuse, role of circ. system disord. in pathogen.)
(BLOOD CIRCULATION, diseases
disord. role in pathogen. of diffuse scleroderma)

TRAPL, Jiri, MUDr; STAVA, Zdenek MUDr - asistenti kliniky

ereveluermen

Contribution to the problem of cutaneous arteriolitis. Cesk. derm. 29 no.1:50-53 Feb 55.

1. Z II. dermatol. kliniky v Praze (predn. prof. dr. K. Hubschmann) (ARTERITIS

arteriolitis cutaneous allergic, diag. & ther.)
(ELLERGY, manifestations
arteriolitis, cutaneous)

HUBSCHMANN, Karel, professor, MUDr; STAVA, Zdenek, MUDr, asistent kliniky

Current status of the problem of scleroderma. Cesk.derm. 29 no.2:
96-102 Apr 55.

1. Z II. dermatologicke kliniky v Praze (prednosta prof. MUDr K.

Hubschmann).

(SCLERODERMA,

classif. & ther., current status)

STAVA, Zdenek, MUDr; asistent kliniky; CERMAKOVA, Ruzena, MUDr, klin.

Present concepts on etiology, pathogenesis, and therapy of acne vulgaris; review with practical considerations. Cesk.derm. 30 no.4:246-255 Aug \*55.

1. Z II. dermatologicke kliniky v Praze (prednosta prof.MUDr Karel Hubschmann) (ACNE, review)

STAVA, Edenek, MUDr.; JIRASEK, Labor, MUDr., asistenti kliniky

ACTH and cortisone in dermatological practice. Gesk. derm.
30 no.6:346-352 Dec 55.

1. Z II. dermatologicke kliniky v Praze (prednosta prof. dr.
K. Hubschmann).

(ACTH, therapeutic use,
skin dis.)

(CORTISONE, therapeutic use,
skin dis.)

(SKIN, diseases,
ther., ACTH & cortisone)

JIRASEK, Lubor, MUDr; STAVA, Zdenek, MUDr, klin assistenti

Occupational dermatosis caused by coal tar. Prakt. lek., Praha 35 no.2:34-37 20 Jan 55.

1. Z II dermatol, klin, v Praze, prednosta prof. MUDr K. Hubschmann

(OCCUPATIONAL DISMASES skin dis. caused by coal tar)

(SKIN, diseases occup., caused by coal tar)

(COAL TAR, injurious effects skin dis., occup.)

RABOCH, Jan, MUDr; STAVA, Zdenek, MUDr

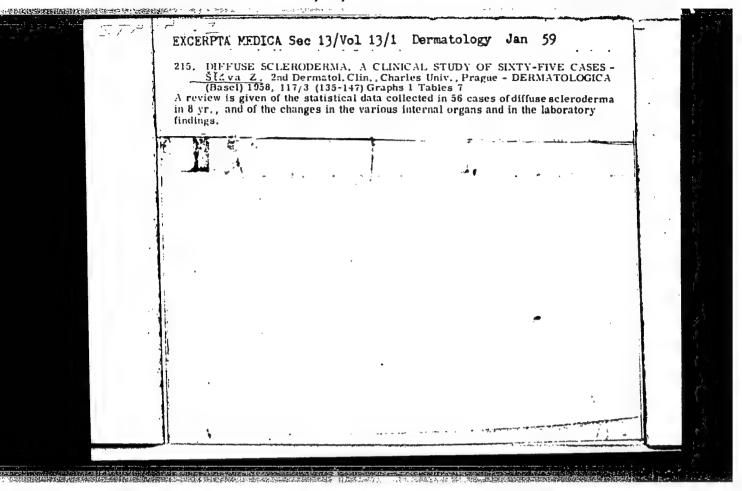
Sexual disorder after implantation of high dose of follicular hormome in a young nam. Cas.lek.ceek. 94 no.19:497-500 6 May 55.

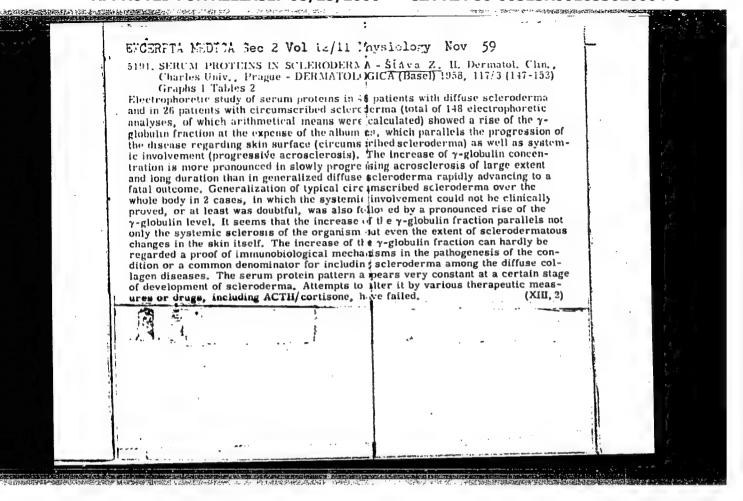
1. Ze Sexuclogickeho ustavu Karlevy university v Praze; presnosta: prof. dr. Jos. Hynie, z II. derratovenerselgicke kliniky v Praze; prednosta: prof. dr. K. Hubschmann.

(ESTROGENS, injurious effects, sexual disord, caused by high dose implant in young man) (SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, effect of drugs on, estrogens high dose implant in young man)

Removal of freckles with phenol-ether solution. Cesk.derm. 31 no.4: 223-225 Aug 56

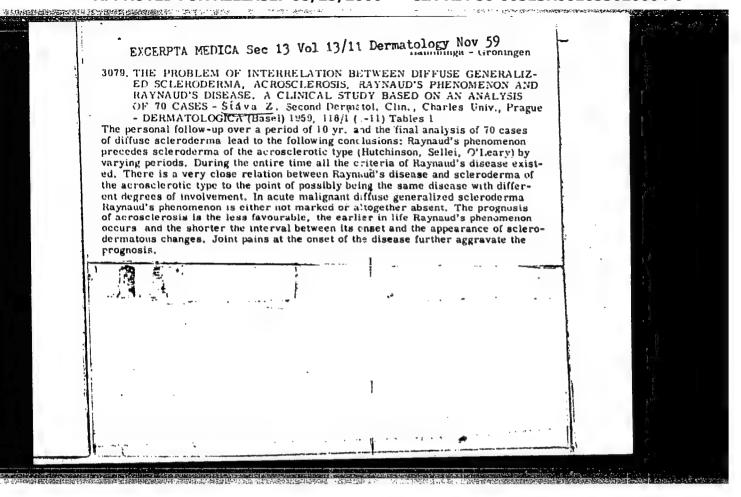
1. Z II. dermatol. kliniky KU v Praze, predn. prof. Dr. K.Hubshman (IEMTIGO, ther. removal with phenol-ether solution (Oz))
(PHENOLS, ther. use phenol-ether solution in removal of lentigines (Cz))
(ETHER, ther. use ether-phenol solution in removal of lentigines (Cz))





#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0



 STAVA, Zdenek; BIELICKY, Tibor

Report from a trip to dermatological clinics in Rostock and Berlin. Cesk. derm. 35 no.2:131-136 Ap \*60.

1. II dermatologicka klinika v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. Karel Hubschmann.

(DERMATOLOGY hosp & clin)

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

KALENSKY, J.; STAVA, Zd.; TRAPL, J.

**医脂肪性医疗和洗疗性肠肠肠内肠肠肠**腔性 17年末中华 18

Carcinoma teleangiectaticum. Case report. Sborn.lek.62 no.11: 321-323 N.60.

1. II. dermatologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi University Karlovy v Praze, prednosta prof.dr. K.Hubschmann. (CARCINOMA case reports) (BREAST MEOPLASMS case reports)

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

STAVA Z.

Solonbad (in copa); Given News.

Country;

Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: /not given/

Affiliation:

Cource:

Prague, Rozhledy v Tuberkulose a v Hemocech Plicnich,

Vol XXI, ilo 7, August 1961, pp 533-539

Datu:

"Pulmonary Findings in Collagenoses."

Authors:

MACHOLDA, F, Tuberculosis Clinic of the Faculty of General Medicine of Charles University (Klinika tuberkulozy fakulty vseobecneho lokarstvi Karlovy university), Prague; Chief (Prednosta): Prof Dr Jaroslav Jedlicka

STAVA, Z. Dermatological Clinic II of the Faculty of General Medicine of Charles University (II dermatologicka klinika vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy university), Prague; Chief (Prednosta): Doc Dr Jan Obrtel

KVICALOVA, Eva; STAVA, Zdenek; TRAPL, Jiri

Steroid therapy of pemphigus associated with diabetes mellitus. Cesk. derm. 36 no.6:424-426 '61.

1. II kozni klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy university v Praze, prednosta doc. MUDr. Jan Obrtel, Dr. Sc.

(PEMPHIGUS ther) (DIABETES MELLITUS compl)
(PREDNISONE ther) (CORTICOTROPIN ther)

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

STAVA, Zdenek; KVICALOVA, Eva; KACL, Jaromir

Circumscribed scleroderma and spinal changes. Preliminary communication on 40 cases. Cesk. derm. 36 no.7:465-468 161.

1. II dermatologicka klinika FVL KU v Praze, prednosta doc. MUDr. Jan Obrtel, Dr. Sc. Radiologicka klinika FVL KU v Praze, prednosta prof. MUDr. Vaclav Svab.

(SCLERODERMA compl) (SPINE dis)

STEIN, J.; STAVA, Zd.

The electroencephalogram in scleroderma. Cesk. derm. 36 no.8: 501-512 D '61.

1. Laborator pro patofyziologii nervoveho systemu v Praze, prednosta akademik K.Henner II. dermatologicka klinika KU v Praze, prednosta doc. dr. J. Obrtel.

(ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY physiol.)

(SCLERODERMA physiol.)

KVICALOVA, Eva; STAVA, Zdenek

Dermatitis bullose phytogenes after contact with Heracleum Mantegazzianum. Cesk. derm. 37 no.1:31-34 F 162.

1. II kozni klin. fak. vseob. lek. Karlovy univ. v Praze, predn. MUDr. J. Obrtel, DrSc.

(DERMATITIS VENENATA etiol) (TRIAMCINOLONE ther)
(PLANTS toxicol)

STAVA, Z.; KVICALOVA, E.; JENIKOVA, J.

"Petechial" angiomata. Cesk. derm. 38 no.2:134-135 Ap 163.

1. II dermato-venerologicka klinika fak. vseob. lek. KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. J. Obrtel, DrSc. Dermato neverologicke oddeleni OUNZ v Nymburce. (HEMANGIOMA) (SKIN NEOPLASMS) (PURPURA)

KVICALOVA, E.; STAVA, Z.

Therapy of atopic eczema with Bucky rays (Report on 95 patients treated during the past 10 years). Cesk. derm. 38 no.3:174-177 Je 163.

1. II dermato-venerologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. J. Chrtel, DrSc. (RADIOTHERAPY) (DERMATITIS, ATOPIC)

STAVA, Z.

Basic laboratory and general examinations in dermatology. Cesk. derm. 38 no.4:243-250 Ag 163.

1. II dermato-venerologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekurstvi KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. J. Obrtel, DrSc. (DERMATOLOGY) (DIAGNOSIS, LABORATORY)

STAVA, Z.; KVICALOVA, E.

Current trends in dermatological roentgen therapy, Cesk. derm. 38 no.2:122-133 Ap 163.

1. II dermato-venerologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. J. Obrtel, DrSc. (DERMATOLOGY) (RADIOTHERAPY)

ROTAR, J.: FEISINGER, F.; STAVA, Z.

The camphagus in dermosclerosis. Ceak, radiol, 18 no.6:387-396 H 164.

1. Padlologicka klinika (prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab, DrSc.) a T. kozni klinika (prednosta prof. dr. J. Obrtel, DrSc.) Compley vecobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy University v Franc.

The 1962 Statistical Yearbook of Rumania. Probleme econ 16 no.1: 124-127 Ja 163.

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CI/

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

OLSAK, Milon; STAVAR, Rudolf

Pressing instead of machining maleable cast-iron castings. Stroj vyr 12 no.10:751-753 0 64.

1. Branecke zelezarny National Enterprise, Branka near Opava.

Prirucka mysliveckeho prava. Fraha, Statni zemedelske nakl., 1956. 193 p. (Manual of game laws. bibl.) DS, Not in DLC

1 URGE: Fast European Accessions List, Vol. 5, no. 9, September 1956

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

MACURA, J.; STAVELIK, Z.

Glucose metabolism in Azotobacter, Chekh, biol. 2 no.3:159-167 Je '53.

(MLRA 7:4)

1. Institut biologii Chekhoelovatskoy Akademii nauk, mikrobiologiya,
Praga.

(Azotobacter) (Glucose)

STAVER, T.

Special workers for the industry of the East. Prof.-tekh. obr. 13 no.7:10-11 J1 '56. (MLRA 9:10)

1. Nachal'nik Molotovskogo obladtnogo upravleniya trudovykh rezervov.

(Technical education)

STAVER. T.

Requirements of our times. Prof.-tekh. obr. 17 no.10:16-17 0 160. (MIRA 13:10)

l. Nachal'nik Permskogo oblastnogo upravleniya professional'no-tekhnicheskogo obrazovaniya. (Perm Province--Technical education)

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

STAVER, T.; MUKHANOV, I.

All-round and systematic help. Prof.-tekh. obr. 18 no. 3:25-26 Mr 161.

1. Nachal'nik Permskogo oblstnogo upravleniya professional'no-tekhni-cheskogo obrazovaniya (for Staver). 2. Nachal'nik upravleniya kadrov i uchebnykh zavedeniy Permskogo sovnarkhoza (for Mukhanov). (Perm Province-Evening and continuation schools)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

STAVER, O.I., inch.; CHOP, Yu.I.

All ve obtained an increase in the cutrut of Min units. TSement
(MIRA 18:10)

1. Krichevskiy tsementno-shifernyy kombinat.

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

LITSOYEV, N.D., starshiy inzhener; STAVER, V.F., starshiy elektromekhanik

Additional device for the service channel of the RM-24A radio
relay apparatus. Artom., telem. i sviaz' 4 no. 12:25-26 D'60.
(MIRA 14:1)

1. Debal'tsevskaya distantsiya signalizatsii evyazi Donetskoy
dorogi. (Railroads--Gommunication systems)

STAVER, V.F., inzh.; LITSOYEV, N.D., starshiy inzh.

Changes in the circuit for the automatic switching-in of auxiliary power supply to radio relay apparatus. Avtom., (MIRA 14:9) telem. i sviaz' 5 no.10:37-38 0 '61.

1. Debal'tsevskaya distantsiya signalizatsii i svyazi Donetskoy dorogi (for Lavor).

(Railreads-Electronic equipment)

(Electric power supply to apparatus)

STAVERSKIY; MALYUTIN, G.I.; BELGORODSKIY, P.N.

Experience in the receiving, storage, and processing of sugar beets harvested with the continuous method. Sakh.prom. 37 no.7: (MIRA 16:7)

1. Gonorovskiy sakharnyy zavod (for Staverskiy). 2. Gul' kevicheskiy sakharnyy zavod (for Malyutin). 3. Novo-Kubanskiy sakharnyy zavod (for Belgorodskiy). (Sugar beets)

STAVIK, Jaroslav, inz.

One-side impregnation of corrugated pasteboard. Papir a celulosa 17 no.2:39-41 F \*62.

1. Jihoceske papirny, Vetrni.

STAVIK, Jaroslav, inz.,

Paper making from sodium bisulfite high-yield pulp. Papir a celulosa 18 no.1:3-4 Ja '63.

1. Jihoceske papirny, Vetrni.

STAVIK, Jaroslav, inz.; MAYDEN, Milan

Some experiences in one year's operation of a reconstructed paper machine. Papir a celulosa 18 no.7:149-151 Jl '63.

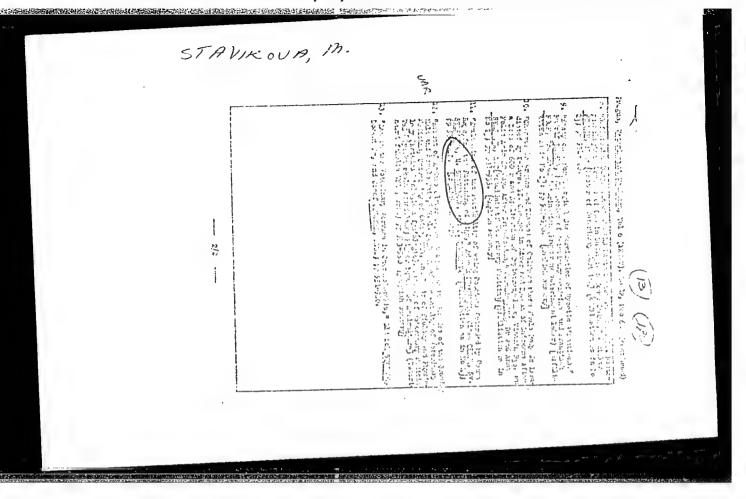
1. Jihoceske papiray, Vetrni.

Operational experience with the conventional Spooner drying hood. Papir a celulosa 19 no. 3:74-78 Mr '64.

1. Jihoceske pairny, Vetrni.

Production of raw abrasive paper. Papir a celulosa 19 no.10:
276-278 0 '64.

1. Jihoceske papirny, Veurni.



NESTEROV, I.I.; PEROZIO, G.M.; BRADUCHAN, Yu.V.; STAVITSKIY, B.P.; NESTEROVA, Ye.I.; MITROFANOVA, G.M., vedushchiy red.

[Surgut keywell. Tymen' Province.] Surgutskaia opornaia skvazhina (Tiumenskaia oblast'). Leningrad Nedra, 1964. 187 p. (Leningrad. Vsesoiuznyi neftianoi nauchno-issledovatel'skii geologorazvedochnyi institut. Trudy, no.226)

OVCHINNIKOV, V.; STAVINSKIY, Ch., starshiy inzh.-mekhanik

Machinist training of a machine operator. Prof.-tekh. obr. 18 no.5:20 My 161.

1. Nachal'nik Zhitomirskogo oblastnogo upravleniya professional'notekhnicheskogo obrazovaniya (for Ovchinnikov). (Zhitomir Province-Farm mechanization-Study and teaching)

PETROV, A., prepodavatel; STAVINSKIY, Ch.; KOMEL'KOV, A.; KULINSKIY, V.

Editor's mail. Prof.-tekh.obr. 19 no.10:27 0 '62.

(MIRA 15:11)

1. Uchilishche mekhanizatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva No.1 Tyumenskaya

1. Uchilishche mekhanizatsii sel'skogo knozyaystva No.1 iyamshaqa oblast (for Petrof). 2. Starshiy inzhener-mekhanik Zhitomirskogo oblastnogo upravleniya (for Stavinskiy). 3. Zamestitel' direktora oblastnogo upravleniya (for Stavinskiy). 3. Zamestitel' direktora po uchebno-proizvodstvennoy rabote gorodskogo professional'no-tekhnicheskogo uchilishcha No.27, Brest (for Komel'kov). tekhnicheskogo uchilishcha No.27, Brest (for Komel'kov). Ispolnyayushchiy obyazannosti direktora gorodskogo uchilishcha 4. Ispolnyayushchiy obyazannosti direktora gorodskogo uchilishcha Mo.27 khmel'nitskoy oblasti (for makhanizatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva No.9 Khmel'nitskoy oblasti (for Kulinskiy).

YANKOVYA, A. [Iankowiak, A.]; STAVIN'SKIY, K. [Stawinski, K.]

Dental caries in Poznan Province. Gig. i san. 23 no.2:93 F '58.

(MIRA 11:4)

(POZNAN PROVINCE—TENTH—DISEASES)

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

STAVINSKIY, V.

USSR/ Electricity - Motors

Card 1/1

Pub. 89 - 29/30

Authors

: Stavinskiy, V.

Title

: The DAG-1 electric motors and their application

Periodical : Radio 6, 59 - 62, Jun 1955

Abstract

The characteristics of Soviet manufactured low-capacity electric asynchron motors of the DAG-1 series used mainly in electric record players (phonographs) are described. The motor with 1400 to 1460 rpm operates on AC current of 127 and 220 v. Drawings.

Institution:

Submitted

LIBERCY B STAVENSKIY, V., STAMENOV, K., STOYCHEV, T. Tre ci inductances in shaping pulses from FERLY? and FERLY. 36 photomit.pitors. Prib. & tekh. eksp. 9 no.4:186-188 Jl-Ag \*64. (MIRA 17:12) 1. Toffyskly universitet, Bolgariya.

STAVINSKIY, V.A., inzhener. B.L.Rozing, founder of the electronic telefision (1969-1933). (MERA 10:7) Izobr. v SSSR 2 no.7:46-47 Jl '57.

(Rozing, Boris L8vovich, 1869-1933) (Television-History)

Glory to the radio inventor. Izobr. i rate. 3 no.5:3-4 My '58.

(MIRA 11:9)

(Popov, Aleksandr Stepanovich, 1859-1905)

VOVENKO, A.S.; KULAKOV, B.A.; LIKHACHEV, M.F.; MATULENKO, Yu.A.; SAVIN, I.A.; STAVINSKIY, V.S.

Cherenkov gas counters. Usp. fiz. nauk 81 no.3:453-506 N '63. (MIRA 16:12)

ESD(c)/RAEM(t) L 8513-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4044695

5/0120/64/000/004/0186/0188

AUTHOR: Dzhakov, E.; Stavinskiy, V.; Stamenov, K.; Stoychev, T.

TITLE: Shaping pulses of FEU-33 and FEU-36 multiplier phototubes by an

inductance SOURCE: Pribory\* i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 4, 1964, 186-188

TOPIC TAGS: coincidence circuit, pulse shaping, multiplier phototube / FEU-33 multiplier phototube, FEU-36 multiplier phototube

ABSTRACT: Suggested by De Benedetti, et al. (Rev. Scient. Instrum., 1952, 23, 38), pulse shaping by means of an inductance was used in a high-speed coincidence circuit. A NaI scintillator irradiated by Co 80 was used as a source. The inductance-shaped multiplier-phototube pulses were divided into two channels and applied to a fast double-coincidence circuit, via one channel directly and with a delay via another channel. The width of the shaped pulses was determined

Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AP4044695

indirectly by means of the half-width of the delayed self-coincidence curve. With an optimum inductance value of 0.1-0.2 microh, the pulse width was 1.5-2 times smaller than in the case when the pulses (in the same outfit) were shaped by a cable. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Sofiyskiy universitet (Sofia University), Bulgaria

SUBMITTED: 28Dec62

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NP, EC

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 002

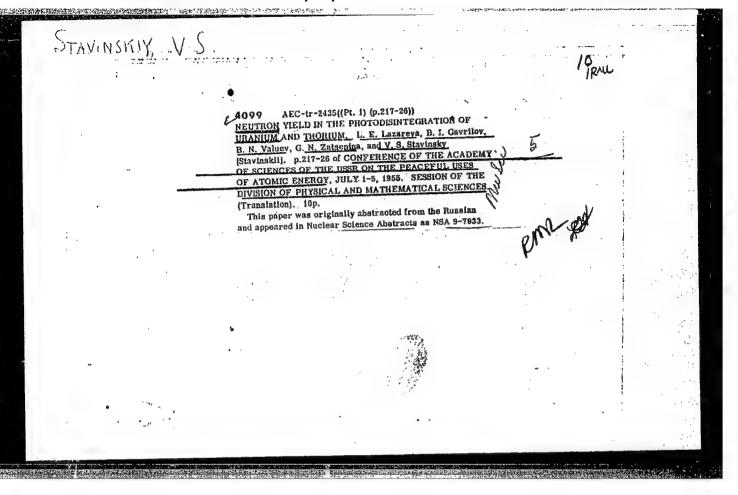
Card 2/2

LEBFDINSKIY, Yu.N., inzh.; STAVIN, V.N., inzh.

Electroplating in flow-type electrolytes. Mashinostroenie no.4:73-77
(MIRA 18:8)

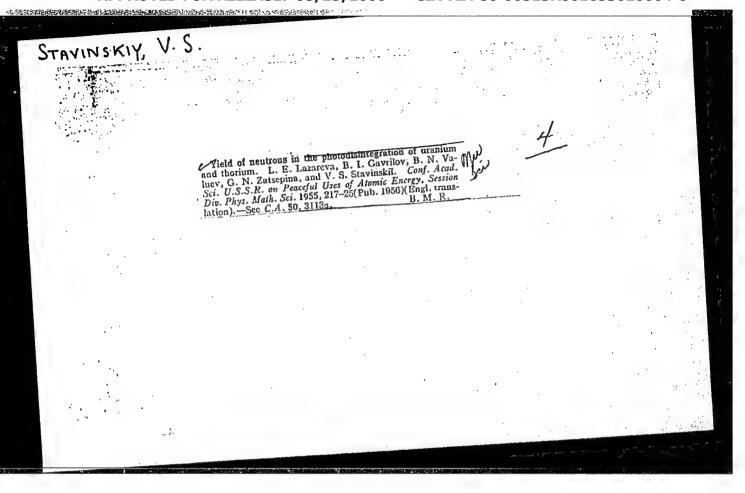
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

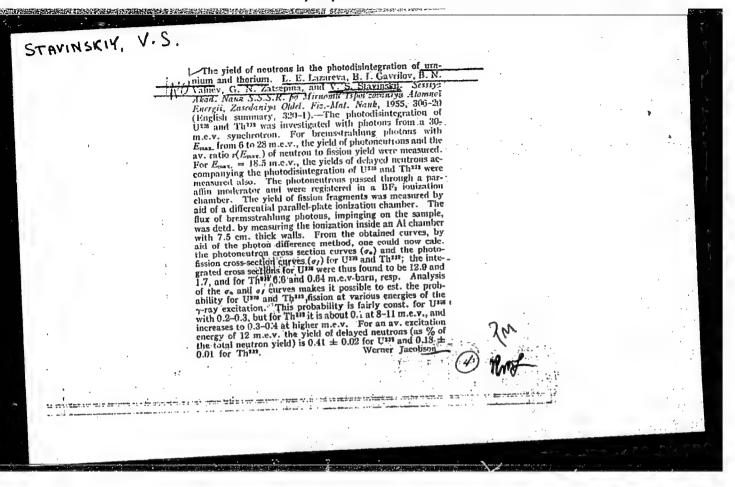
CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0



#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0





MATULENKO, Yu.A.; SAVIN, I.A.; STAVINSKIY, V.S.

Using the method of Vavilov-Cherenkov radiation interference for measuring the speed of particles. Prib.1 tekh.eksp.no.3:44-45 (MLRA 10:2)

1. Elektrofisicheskays laboratoriya AN SSSR.

(Inerferometry) (Particles, Blementary-Measurement)

AGRANOVICH, V. M., and STAVINSKIY, V. S. (lead. Sc. UCCR)

"On the Theory of the Photonuclear Cross Section,"

paper submitted at the A-U Conf. on Nuclear Reactions in redium and Low Pnergy Physics, Moscow, 19-27 Nov 57.

 21(7)
AUTHORS: Kovalev, V. P., Stavinskiy, V. S.

SOV/89-5-6-11/25

TITLE:

The Systematology of the Spectra of Prompt Neutrons of Fission (Sistematika spektrov mgnovennykh neytronov deleniya)

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaya energiya, 1958, Vol 5, Nr 6, pp 649 - 652 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Experimental investigations (Refs 1, 2, 3) showed that the spectra of fission neutrons of  $U^{233}$ ,  $Pu^{239}$ , and  $Cf^{252}$  are harder than the fission spectrum of  $U^{235}$ . Furthermore, an increase of the hardness of  $U^{235}$  to  $Cf^{252}$  can be observed. On the basis of the evaporation model the attempt is made to

verify experimental data theoretically.

An analysis of the spectrum of fission neutrons shows that it is possible, by means of the evaporation model (evaporation of neutrons from the moving fission fragments), to tion of neutrons from the moving fission fragments), to explain both the shape of the spectrum and the difference in hardness. With respect to their thermodynamic properties, hardness. With respect to their thermodynamic properties, the fission fragments are equivalent to a normal nucleus.

Analysis makes it possible to draw the following conclusions:

Card 1/2

1) The hardness of the spectrum of fission neutrons increases

sov/89-5-0-11/25

The Systematology of the Spectra of Prompt Neutrons of Fission

monotonously with the increase of the parameter  $Z^2/A$  of the fissioning nucleus, i.e. the increase of the excitation energy of the fissioning nucleus with increasing  $Z^2/A$  manifests itself not only by an increase of V values, but also by an increase of the hardness of the spectrum of fission neutrons. The variation of the hardness-parameter B in dependence on excitation energy amounts to about 1-2% per 1 MeV.

2) In order to be able to describe neutron- and y-emission from the fission fragments simultaneously, it is necessary to know the distribution of the excitation energy of each fission fragment.

The results obtained were discussed with A. I. Leypunskiy, I. I. Bondarenko, and L. N. Usachev; V. P. Kharin assisted in carrying out numerical computations. There are 2 figures, 1 table, and 20 references, 7 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED:

July 18, 1958

Card 2/2

sov/ 56-34-3-25/55 Agranovich, V. F., Stevinskiy, V. S. On the Theory of Photonuclear Reactions (K teorii fotoyadernykh AUTHORS: Zhurnal Eksperimental'noy i Teoreticheskoy Fiziki, 1958, TITLE: reaktsij) Vol. 34, Nr 3, pp. 700-706 (USSR) PERIODICAL:

The present work computes the cross section of the capturing of f-quanta by the nuclear material within that range of energy which corresponds to great resonance. First the operator of the interaction of the electromagnetic field with ABSTRACT: the system of nucleons is put down. For reasons of simplicity the author investigates a system of A nucleons being in a sufficiently great volume V. Within the frame of the model of the self-consisting field the ground state of such a system corresponds to a completely filled Fermi surface with the maximum wave number kp. A formula is deduced for the absortion probability of the & quantum per second. In the deduction of the matrix element occurring in it the interaction of the electromagnetic field with the magnetic moments of

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On the Theory of Photonuclear Reactions

sov/56-34 -- 3-25/55

the nucleons is neglected. This matrix element can be different from zero only at certain values. The course of computation is pursued step by step. A function contained in the expression for the initially mentioned cross section is put down explicitly. These functions are shown in a diagram for various values of the parameters used. In all ceses the capture cross section of the f-quantum has a clearly marked resonance. Here M/2 < M\* < M holds, where M denotes the mass of free nucleons, and H\* the effective mass. The curves F(x) were computed for the two limit values of the effective mass. With an increase of the effective mass from M\*=M to M\*=M/2 the values of the cross section decreased by 50% at the maximum, the half with increasing by 20-30%. The position of the resonance of the photocapture and the width of this resonance depend only little on M\*. The computation carried out here can only difficultly be compared with experiment in a quantitative respect due to the lacking of ample measuring results. In qualitative respect the existing measuring results for medium and heavy nuclei (only for such nuclei the comparison of the theory with the experiment is legiti-

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On the Theory of Photonuclear Reactions

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mate) do not contradict the consequences of the computation carried out here. The reasons for the existing differences are nevertheless shown. The model of an infinite nuclear material used here can not lead to the observed dependence of the capture cross section of the -quantum on A. The reasons for this are briefly given. The taking into account of finite dimensions of the nucleus leads to a better aggreement between theory and experiment. There are 2 figures and 19 references, 4 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED:

September 30, 1957

Card 3/3

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

Card 1/3

## CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

sov/56-35-3-37/61 Kovalev, V.P., Stavinskiy, V.S. On the Problem of the Calculation of the Spectra of Fission 21(7) Neutrons (K voprosu o raschete spektrov neytronov deleniya) AUTHORS: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958, Vol 35, TITLE: Nr 3, pp 787 - 789 (USSR) The present paper calculates the spectra of fission neutrons in PERIODICAL: consideration of the energy dependence of the cross section of the capture of neutrons by excited nuclei. For the estimation of the energy dependence of  $\sigma(\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{E}_0)$  the model of a complex ABSTRACT: potential was used, which gives a satisfactory description of the total cross section and the cross section of the capture of low-energy neutrons by atoms. For the purpose of estimating  $\sigma(\epsilon,\epsilon_0)$  the model of the black nucleus can be used (Ref 6). When calculating  $\sigma(\mathbf{E},\mathbf{E}_0)$  it is necessary to take also the steady variation of the potential at the boundary into account. This is possible by means of the approximated expression to  $\sigma(E) = \sigma_0(E) T_d(E) / T_0(E)$ . Here  $\sigma(E)$  denotes the cross section to

On the Problem of the Calculation of the Spectra

sov/56-35-3-37/61

of Fission Neutrons

be calculated,  $\sigma_{0}'(\xi)$  the cross section of the capture of neutrons by a "black" nucleus with a sharp variation of the potential at the boundary,  $T_0(E)$  the penetrability of the neutron wave for this potential,  $T_{d}(\mathbf{E})$  the coefficient of penetrability for a here given and constantly varying potential. A table contains the values of the ratio  $T_d(\xi)/T_o(\xi)$  and the quantity  $\delta(\epsilon)\epsilon^{1/2}$  which characterizes the deviation of the cross section  $\sigma(\epsilon)$  from 1/ $\sqrt{\epsilon}$ . The obtained energy dependence of the cross section of the inverse process, by the way, is up to an energy of  $\sim 1$  MeV similar to the function  $1/\sqrt{E}$ . Basing upon the conditions mentioned, the spectra of the fission neutrons U were calculated. For U235 the results of these calculations agree well with experimental results (Refs 8,11). The authors thank A.I. Leypunskiy for the interest he displayed in this work and for discussing results. They further express their gratitude to

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On the Problem of the Calculation of the Spectra

sov/56-35-3-37/61

of Fission Neutrons

I.I. Bondarenko and L.N. Usachev for their critical remarks, and V.P. Kharin for carrying out numerical computations. There are 1 table and 12 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED:

May 10, 1958

Card 3/3

24(5) AUTHORS: SOV/56-35-5-36/56 Agranovich, T. M., Stavinskiy, V. S.

· CITLE:

The Theory of the "Second Moment" in the Model of the Atomic Nucleus of Lane, Thomas, and Wigner (K teorii "vtorogo momenta" v modeli atomnogo yadra Leyna; Tomasa i Vignera)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958. Vol 35: Nr 5, pp 1285-1287 (USSR)

APSTRACT:

The conception of a "second moment" was introduced in a paper by the above-mentioned authors (Ref 1) for the qualitative characterization of the error which is permitted when substituting the hamiltonian of the snell model for the hamiltonian of the nucleus. It holds that  $H = H_0 + H_1$ . Here hamiltonian of the nucleus,  $H_0 - the$  hamiltonian of the nucleus,  $H_0 - the$  hamiltonian of the nucleus in the shell model,  $H_1 - the$  an operator establishing the correlation of the states of individual nucleons in the shell model. The nuclear wavefunction can be represented as a development  $(\psi_E, H_0 \psi_E) = \sum_b |C_b(E)|^2 E_b$ 

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sov/56-35-5-36/56

The Theory of the "Second Moment" in the Model of the Atomic Nucleus of Lane, Thomas, and Wigner

according to a complete system of orthogonal functions. In the case of the validity of a condition given by the authors it is easy to determine the "second moment" of the nuclear model, which, according to the definition given, is

 $\Psi^2(E) = \sum_b (E_b - E)^2 |c_b(E)|^2$ . Here E denotes the nuclear energy

and the aforementioned condition is  $|C_b(E)|^2 \sim \exp(-E_b/kT)$ . The authors next derive formulæ for the dependence of the "second moment" on the excitation energy E and on the number A of nucleons in the nucleus. There are 10 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

June 23, 1958 SUBMITTED:

Card 2/2

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

STAVINSKIY, V. S.: Mester Phys-Math Sci (diss) -- "Some problems in the statistical theory of the nucleus". Moscow, 1959. 11 pp (Min Higher Educ USSR, Moscow Engineering-Phys Inst), 100 copies (KL, No 17, 1959, 105)

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

sov/56-36-2-50/63

21(8) AUTHOR: Stavinskiy, V. S.

TITLE:

On the Problem of the Emission Mechanism of Momentaneous Neutrons of Fission (K voprosu o mekhanizme ispuskaniya

mgnovennykh neytronov deleniya)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1959,

Vol 36, Nr 2, pp 629-630 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Some special features of the spectra of momentaneous fission neutrons can be explained by the following assumption: The surface energy contained in the sharp-pointed parts (which are formed in the instant of explosion of the "neck") is converted into the energy of a shock wave which propagates in the direction of fissionfragment motion. Such a shock wave can cause the emission of nearly monoenergetic neutrons (in the same direction in which the fragment moves). For estimation, the shape of the deformed fragments in the instant of the neck rupture must be known. Hitherto, no definite experimental data concerning this shape have been available and, therefore, the calculation results obtained by L. D. Hill (Khill) are used. According to these calculations, any fragment in the instant immediately

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On the Problem of the Emission Mechanism of Momentaneous Neutrons of Fission

**电影的电影的影响,这种感觉的影响,但是这种情况的,但是是是不是一种的影响,我们就是这种情况,但是是是是一种的人,也是不是是是是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是是一种的人,也是是是一种的人,也是是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,** 

after the fission has a sharp pointed part, the linear dimensions of which are by 1.5 - 2 times greater than the fragment diameter. A deformation energy of the order of magnitude of 20 - 30 Mev is included in any sharp pointed part. If the number of the particles in the sharp point is known, the rate of stretching of such a sharp point can easily be estimated; it amounts to ~0.1 c where c denotes the velocity of light. According to these estimates, the conditions for the formation and propagation of a shock wave in the fragment are evidently satisfied. In order to estimate the damping of the shock waves, a detailed investigation of the spreading of the shock wave after its emission from the sharp pointed part is necessary. This damping is evidently sufficiently intense and the energy of the shock wave is therefore on the average sufficient only for the ejection of one neutron of very low energy. If the suggested mechanism for the emission of the fission neutrons actually occurs, more accurate measurements of the angular distributions and of the spectra of fission neutrons will supply more information concerning the deformation of the fragments in the instant immediately preceding the fission. The

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On the Problem of the Emission Mechanism of Momentaneous Neutrons of Fission

author thanks A. I. Leypunskiy, I. P. Stakhanov and A. A. Rukhadze for their valuable suggestions and advice. There are

4 references.

SUBMITTED:

October 30, 1958

Card 3/3

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

STAVINSKIY, V. S., LYUBIMOV, A. L., LYKHACHEV, M. F.,

"Gas Cerenkov Counters of the K -Meson Channel of the Syvchronophasotron"

Paper presented at the Intl Conference on High Energy Physics, Rochester, N. Y. and/or Berkly California, 25 Aug - 16 Sep 1960.

VOVENKO, A.S.; LYUBIMOV, A.L.; SAVIN, I.A.; STAVINSKIY, V.S; STOYCHEV, T.T.

Cherenkov counter utilizing total internal reflection. Prib.i tekh. eksp. no.5:119-121 S-0 '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Ob\*yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy. (Muclear counters) (Cherenkov radiation)

16.8100,24.6510

77247 SOV/89-3-2-12/30

AUTHORS:

Mikhlin, E. Ya., Stavinskiy, V. S.

TITLE:

A Study of Neutrons Interactions With  $\mathrm{He}^4$ ,  $\mathrm{C}^{12}$ , and  $\mathrm{O}^{16}$  Nuclei Using Optical Model of Nucleus. Letter

to the Editor

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaya energiya, 1960, Vol 8, Nr 2, pp 141-143 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In addition to its theoretical value, the analysis of interactions of low-energy neutrons with  $\mathrm{He}^4$ ,  $\mathrm{C}^{12}$ , and

ol6 nuclei is of practical importance for computations of transfer characteristics of most effective moderators. In this paper the authors attempt to extend the application of optical models of nucleus to detailed description of elastic neutron scattering on light nuclei He,  $c^{12}$ , and  $o^{16}$  in the energy region of up to approximately

20, 10, and 6 mev, respectively. Small absorption cross section in the energy region discussed allowed the

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

A Study of Neutrons Interactions With He<sup>4</sup>, c<sup>12</sup>, and o<sup>16</sup> Nuclei Using Optical Model of Nucleus. Letter to the Editor

77247 sov/89-8-2-12/30

use of real potentials. The authors used a simplified rectangular potential in the usual way with a constant spin-orbital term  $\alpha_1(1, S)$  added to the depth of the effective rectangular potential. authors point out that using such a simplified scheme one should allow the possibility that average potentials may be different for various partial waves. Also, due to the existence of the centrifugal barrier, neutrons with higher value of orbital angular momentum 1 are displaced toward the edge of the nucleus and spend most of the time in the "tail" of the poten-This is bound to produce, with increasing 1, a decrease in the depth of the effective rectangular potential and an increase of its radius. This last potential and an increase of the rautus. Into tautus, situation occurs, however, only in light nuclei whose dimensions are comparable to the size of the regions with large potential gradients. The dominant feature of this paper is, according to the authors, the departure from the concept of one single rectangular

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A Study of Neutrons Interactions With He $^4$ ,  $\rm C^{12}$ , and  $\rm O^{16}$  Nuclei Using Optical Model of Nucleus. Letter to the Editor

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potential common to all partial waves taking part in the scattering. To achieve a satisfactory description of the elastic neutron scattering, the parameters of the rectangular potential for each partial wave were chosen in such a way as to supply not only the right chosen in such a way as to supply not only the right observed in the total cross section, but also to give observed in the total cross section, but also to give the binding energy of the corresponding single particle the binding energy of the corresponding single particle bound states. Such states of the compound nucleus which correspond to the motion of the outer nucleon in the average potential of the remaining nucleus in its ground state the authors call the single-particle state. Reduced width of such a level must be of the order of the single-particle Wiegner limit. In the case of a rectangular well (radius R<sub>o</sub>, depth V<sub>o</sub>), scattering phase is a known function of R<sub>o</sub> and V<sub>o</sub>.

 $\delta_{l\pm1/2}=\delta_{l\pm1/2}(r,X),$ 

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Table 1. Values of  $R_o$ ,  $V_o$ , and  $\alpha_1$ .

Compesité. nucleus	Wave	Rus. 119-13	Vis. 73 eV		
	S	2,46	38,5		At low energies of = 0.8 barn, phase analysis
1105	$p_{s,\underline{a}}$	1	22.5		pV1 resonance of Ex 1.15 2 0.05 mov; F = 1.4 ± 0.1 mev  phase analysis
	$p_{1/2}$	}3,2	15,0	.1,11	phase analysis
	s	2,75	70		of the 2s level 1.86 may
	$\frac{\overline{p_3}_{r_2}}{\overline{p_1}_{r_2}}$	1	37.5		The 312 level with 1.68 men; excitation energy was assumed an "decay state"  Binding energy of the basic state 17112 4.45" men; phase analysis
l Cia		3,0	33,0	3,0	Binding energy of the basic state P112 4.45 mer; phose analysis
Cia					
	$d_{3/2}$	3.3	35		Binding energy of the distributed 1.04 mer   distributed 1.04 mer   distributed 1.04 mer   f = 1.2 mer
					Assilion and shape of maximum cross section at 20 mer

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Table 1 (cont'd)

10051 TA	veve	.10-13	Vo. 3 c.	Experimental data used
S. S. S.	1	25	2   0	Binding energy di-level 3.27 mev; at £ 6 0.1 mev;
			!	O, 2 1.5 than 3
(ji:	$\left \frac{P_{3/2}}{P_{3/2}}\right $	}4,0	29,6 24,4 3,	The 1/2" level with 3.00 mer excitation energy was assumed  The 1/2" level with 3.00 mer excitation energy was assumed
	$\frac{ds/2}{ds/2}$	}4,0	34,01 3 25,88 3	Bading energy of the basic Tate of 5/2 4.14 med
	17/2	4,7	33,2	Binding energy of the F712 level 0:24 mer; Hazimun crus. section at 20 mer

card 6/10

A Study of Neutrons Interactions With He ,  $c^{12}$ , and  $0^{16}$  Nuclei Using Optical Model of Nucleus. Letter to the Editor

0,7847 | 807/694842412/30

Using these values for  $\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{O}}$  and  $\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{O}},$  the authors calculated phases, total cross sections, and angular distributions of elastically scattered neutrons in nuclei under study. The construction of the nonsingle-particle resonances were computed using the Breit-Wiegner formula. The authors claim that the calculation reproduces well the general trend of the total cross sections. Angular distributions show some discrepancies with the measured values for carbon and oxygen, which can be explained by the errors in Vo and  $R_{_{\rm O}}$  of the p-wave, since in absence of other information the authors used corresponding equations developed by Adair (see reference). In that case there is possible a large departure from the independent-particle model, causing an error in determination of those parameters. In other cases each pair of parameters allowed a description of the bound states and scattering in a large range

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A Study of Neutrons Interactions With  ${\rm He}^{\rm fl}$ ,  ${\rm C}^{12}$ , and  ${\rm O}^{16}$  Nuclei Using Optical Model of Nucleus. Letter to the Editor

77247 S0V/89-8-2-12/30

of energies. This enabled the autnors to compute angular distribution of scattered neutrons on 1-2

and 0<sup>16</sup> for energies at which there are no experimental data. Table 2 contains the calculated average values of the cosines of the scattering angle

 $<\!\cos\theta>$  and the average logarithm of the energy loss  $\xi$ . A value of the neutron slowdown length in water computed from Table 2 agrees satisfactorily with experimental data by Kochergin and Orlov (Atomnaya energiya, 6, Nr 1, 34 (1959)). The authors note that the  $<\!\cos\theta>$  values for oxygen computed by Zweifel and Hurwitz (see reference) using data by Baldinger, Huber, and Proctor (Helv. phys. acta, 25, 142 (1952)) are in complete contradiction with those data. Their  $<\!\cos\theta>$  curve vs  $E_n$  gives negative values in the  $E_n$  region between approximately 2 and 2.5 mev, while the experimental data exclude any

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A Study of Neutrons Interactions With He $^4$ , 77247  $c^{12}$ , and  $0^{16}$  Nuclei Using Optical Model of Nucleus. Letter to the Editor

Table 2. Values of  $< \cos \theta >$  and  $\xi$ .

	014		c <sup>12</sup>				016			C12		
En IMEN		\$	En, mer	<c+ 0=""></c+>	5	Enjiner	(cus0)	5	En, mer	(cc: 07		
						2,9	0,19	0,101	4,5	0,49	U	
0,41	~ 0,09	0,136	0,55	0,11	0,148	3,1	0,25	0,094	5,0	0,54	0	
0,435	0,276	0,091	1,0	0,13	0,145	3,3	0,18	0,103	6,0	0,69	0	
0,48	0,49	0,064	1,5	0,19	0,135	3,5	0,27	0,091	6,3	0,75	C	
0,7	0,15	0,106	2,0	0,16	0,140	3,8	0,39	0,077	6,6	0,5	10	
0,9	0,079	0,115	2,07	0,09	0,151	4,1	0,35	0,081	7,2	0,15	C	
1,03	0,059	0,118	2,5 -	0,16	0,140	4,4	0,51	0,061	7,4	0,32	0	
1,1	0,037	0,120	2,9	0,18	0,137	4.7	0,37	0,079	8,0	0,50	10	
1,32	0,42	0,073	3,0	0,27	0,122	7,0	0,23	0,096	9,0	0,50	0	
1,41	0,16	0, 105	3,3	0,13	0,145	14	0,37	0,079	10	0,51	10	
2,0	0,12	0,111	3,66	0,06	0,156				14	0,21	1	
2,4	0,14	0,108	4,1	0,30	0,117	ļ	١	<u> </u>	1	1	1	

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A Study of Neutrons Interactions With He<sup>4</sup>, c<sup>12</sup>, and 0<sup>16</sup> Nuclei Using Optical Model of Nucleus. Letter to the Editor

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possibility for < cos () > to be negative. The fact that the optical model describes well the elastic scattering of neutrons of sufficiently small energies on He,  $c^{12}$ , and  $o^{16}$  is probably due to the stability of these nuclei. The incoming neutron interacts, therefore, only weakly with them, and does not introduce nuclear deformation, and one can talk about an interaction of the neutrons with the nucleus as a interaction of the neutrons with the nucleus as a whole. A. S. Davidov, L. N. Usachev, and V. N. Neudachin showed interest and gave critical remarks. Neudachin showed interest and gave critical remarks. There are 2 tables; and 7 references, 1 Soviet, 1 Swiss, There are 2 tables; and 7 references, 1 Soviet, 1 Swiss, T. Lauritson, Rev. Mod. Phys., 27, 77 (1955); D. Huges, J. Harvey, Neutron Cross Sections, U.S.A., BNL-325 J. Harvey, Neutron Cross Sections, U.S.A., BNL-325 (1955); H. Feshbach, C. Porter, V. Weisskopf, Phys. (1955); H. Feshbach, C. Porter, V. Weisskopf, Phys. (1955); P. Zweifel, H. Hurwitz, J. Appl. Rev., 96, 448 (1954); P. Zweifel, H. Hurwitz, J. Appl. Phys., 25, 1241 (1954); R. Adair. Phys. Rev., 92, 1491 (1953).

SUBMITTED:

May 30, 1959

Card 10/10

VOVENKO, A.S.; KULAKOV, B.A.; LIKHACHEV, M.F.; LYUBIMOV, A.L.; MATYLENKO, Yu.A.; SAVIN, I.A.; STAVINSKIY, V.S.

[Differential Cherenkov gas counters] Differentsial nyi gazovyi cherenkovskii schetchik. Dubna, Ob edinennyi institut iadernykh issledovanii, 1961. 11 p. (MIRA 14:10) (Nuclear counters)

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

TOLSTIKOV, V.A.; KOLESOV, V.Ye.; STAVINSKIY, V.S.

Calculating the neutron cross sections for tungsten with the aid of an optical nuclear model. Atom. energ. 11 no.1:56-58 (MIRA 14:7)

(Neutrons) (Nuclear models)

Jl 161.

LIKHACHEV, M.F.; STAVINSKIY, V.S.; SYUY YUYN'-CHAN; CHZHAN NAY-SEN' [Chang Nat-sen]

Total cross sections of the interaction of K+ and T+-mesons having pulse energies of 4.75 and 3.7 bev/c with protons and nuclei. Zhur. eksp.i teor.fiz. 41 no.1:38-41 Jl \*61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Ob"yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy.
(Synchrotron) (Mesons) (Protons)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

KOVALEV, V.P.; STAVINSKIY, V.S.

Correlation between the mean number and mean energy of prompt fission neutrons and the properties of the fissionable nucleus.

Zhur.eksp.i teor.fiz. 41 no.4:1304-1306 0 '61. (MIRA 14:10) (Nuclear fission)

## CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

VOVERNO, A. S., KHLAMDV, B. A., LIXHACHEV, M. F., MATULEHED, Yu. A., LYUBINDV, L. L.,
SAVIN, I. A., SURROV, E. V., and SUNVISKIY, V. S.

"Elastic Scattering of Thesons on Hydrogen on the 180 Angle"

Report presented at the Intl. Conference on High Energy Physics, Geneva,
i.11 July 1962

Joint Institute for Huclear Research
Laboratory of High Energies, Dubna, 1962

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

STAVINSKIY, V.S.

KULAKOV, B. A., LIKHACHEV, M. F., MATULENKO, Yu. A., SAVIN, L. A., SMIRNOV, Ye. V. and STAVINSKIY, V. S.

"Total Cross-Sections of  $K^{T}$  - Mesons with Hydrogen at the Memonta From 3, 0 to 5, 0 GeV/C"

report presented at the Intl. Conference on High Energy Physics, Gamein,  $h_{-11}\ \mathrm{July}\ 1962$ 

Joint Inst. for Nuclear Research Lab. of High Energies, Dubna, 1962

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653020004-0

VOVENDO, A. S., KHLANDV, B. A. LINEMPHEY, M. F., LYHRINDV, L. L., MATHEENED, Yu. A., CAVIN, I. A. SMKEROV, Ye. V., STAVIRGKIY, V. S. IMIN-CHANG, Sui, IMAN-FU, Khe

"Inclustic Interactions of R\*- Yesons with Hydrogen"

report presented at the Intl. Conference on High Energy Physics, Ceneva, h-11 July 1962

Joint Institute for Nuclear Research
Laboratory of High Energies, Dubna, 1962

STAVINSKI

5/120/62/000/002/009/047 E039/E520

AUTHORS:

Vovenko, A.S., Kulakov, B.A., Likhachev, M.F., Lyubimov, A.L., Matulenko, Yu.A., Savin, T.A. and

Stavinskiy, V.S.

TITLE:

A differential gas Cherenkov counter

PERIODICAL: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no.2, 1962, 49-52

A detailed description is given of a differential gas Cherenkov counter developed in the high energy laboratory of OIYaI in 1959 and used in the beam of the synchrophasotron for the detection of K-mesons in pulses of 3-5 GeV. Cherenkov radiation from particles moving through the gas in the counter is focused by a spherical aluminium coated mirror onto a circular diaphragm placed in front of a perspex plug through which the light passes and is detected with a 53y -24 (FEU-24) photomultiplier. The plane of the photocathode is perpendicular to the direction of the particle beam, which has a maximum diameter of 10 cm, and the axis of the photomultiplier is displaced about 12 cm from it. A more detailed discussion of the optical aberrations is given. The radiation tube is about 1.5 m long and is lined with black velvet to reduce the background count; this Card 1/2

A differential gas Cherenkov counter 5/120/62/000/002/009/047

reduced the effective working length to 0.7 m. A photomultiplier with high quantum efficiency and large amplification is necessary and the electronic circuitry is sensitive to a pulse corresponding to one photoelectron from the cathode of the photomultiplier. The variation of efficiency with air pressure was determined and it is about that determined and it is shown that a background count appears at pressures greater than ~ 25 atm. This background can be reduced further, to ~ 1 to 2%, by using gases such as ethane and ethylene. Peak efficiency is at about 10 atm for air and K-mesons and N -mesons can be separated in pulses up to 6 GeV/s. There are 4 figures.

Ob'yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy ASSOCIATION:

(Joint Institute for Nuclear Research)

August 17, 1961 SUBMITTED:

Card 2/2

VOVENKO, A.S.; KULAKOV, B.A.; LIKHACHEV, M.F.; LYUBIMOV, A.L.; MATULEN O, Yu.A.; SAVIN, I.A.; STAVINSKIY, V.S.

Differential gas-discharge Cherenkov counter. Prib. i tekh. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Ob"yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy. (Nuclear counters)

42355 s/089/62/013/004/006/011 B102/B108 10 colesov, V. Ye., Stavinskiy, V. S. Calculation of the  ${\rm U}^{238}$  neutron cross sections on the basis AUTHORS: of a nuclear optical model TITLE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 13, no. 4, 1962, 371 - 373 · 153 TEXT: Using a nuclear optical moiel; the following cross sections were calculated for  $U^{239}$ : total cross section  $\sigma_t$ , compound nucleus formation PERIODIC ...: cross section oc, inelastic neutron scattering cross section oin, radiative capture cross section on, and transport cross section otr. The numerical calculations were carried out on a "Strela" computer, using formulas and data from various published sources. The potential was formulated as  $\sigma_{c}^{\prime}$ ,  $\sigma_{tr}^{\prime}$ , and  $\sigma_{t}^{\prime}$  were calculated for the energy 44(1+0.0751) range AC kev to 16 Mev and compared with experimental values. Agreement Card 1/4

5/089/62/013/004/006/011 B102/B108

Calculation of the  $0^{230}$  ... The level excitation functions for inclustic neutron conttering were calculated according to Hauser and Feshbach (Phys. was very good for of and otr. Rev., 67, 456 (19:2)) and ony from a formula of Margolis (Phys. Rev., 38, 238 327 (1952)). The U<sup>238</sup> level scheme adopted corresponded to that of Pu
The theoretical data were again compared with experimental results (Phys. Rev., 109, 2063 (1958)), which agreed as regards of and the excitation functions of the first levels 2 (44 kev) and 4 (145 kev). oin equals the sum of the excitation cross sections for 1 (605 keV) and 3 (656 keV). The results indicate that the optical model for U238 Jescribes of, of, and the individual components of  $\sigma_{\widetilde{t}}$  well. There are 3 figures.

SUBMITTED: February 29, 1962

Card 2/4